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Question Paper Code: 20369

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2018.

Fifth/Eighth Semester

Computer Science and Engineering

CS 6503 - THEORY OF COMPUTATION

(Common to Information Technology)

(Regulations 2013)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A —
$$(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- Give the difference between a deterministic finite automaton (DFA) and a non deterministic finite automaton (NDFA).
- State pumping lemma for regular languages.
- 3. Consider the context-free grammar (CFG) given below. Give the leftmost derivation for the string bbaa using the grammar.

$$S \to bS |aT| \in$$

$$T \rightarrow aT|bU| \in$$

$$U \to aT \in$$

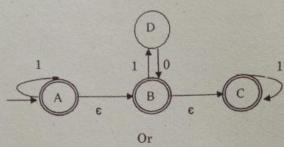
- 4. Show that the following grammar is ambiguous: $S \to SbS |a|$.
- 5. What is an instantaneous description (ID) of a push down automaton (PDA)?
- 6. Convert the following CFG to a push down automaton:

$$S \rightarrow aS|bS|a|b$$
.

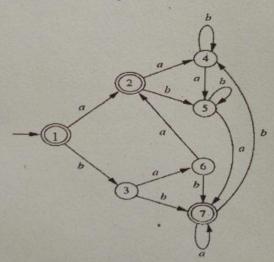
- 7. Differentiate multihead and multitape Turing machines.
- 8. Give the Chomskian hierarchy of languages.
- If L and its complement are recursively enumerable languages, prove that L is recursive.
- 10. Define the primitive recursion operation.

PART B —
$$(5 \times 13 = 65 \text{ marks})$$

Convert the following ∈ NFA to NFA and then convert the resultant 11. (a) NFA to DFA.



- Prove that a language L is accepted by some NDFA if and only if L (b) (i) (6) is accepted by some DFA. (7)
 - (ii) Minimize the following automaton:



Simplify the following grammar by eliminating null productions, unit 12. productions and useless symbols and then convert to Chomsky Normal Form (CNF). (13)

 $S \rightarrow ABC \mid BaB$

 $A \rightarrow aA \mid BaC \mid aaa$

 $B \rightarrow bBb \mid a \mid D$

 $C \rightarrow CA \mid AC$

 $D \rightarrow \in$

Or

Convert the following grammar to Greibach normal form (GNF): (13) $S \rightarrow AB, A \rightarrow BS | b, B \rightarrow SA | a$.

13. (a) (i) Prove that the language L = {aⁿbⁿcⁿ | n > = 1} is not context free using pumping lemma: (8)
(ii) What is a deterministic push down automaton? Comment on the language accepting capabilities of a deterministic push down automaton. (5)

- (a) (i) Give the five-tuple representation of a Turing machine and explain the representation. Define the language accepted by a Turing machine. (5)
 - (ii) Consider the following Turing machine $M=(\{q_1,\ q_2,\ q_3,\ q_4\},\{0,\ 1\},\{0,\ 1,\ X,\ B\},\ \delta,\ q_1,\ B,\ q_4)$ where δ is given as

 $\begin{array}{lll} \delta(q_1,0) &=& (q_2,X,R) \\ \delta(q_2,0) &=& (q_2,X,R) \\ \delta(q_2,1) &=& (q_3,X,R) \\ \delta(q_3,0) &=& (q_2,X,R) \\ \delta(q_3,1) &=& (q_3,X,R) \\ \delta(q_3,B) &=& (q_4,X,R) \end{array}$

What will be the initial and final configurations of the Turing machine for the input string w = 0101? (8)

Or

- (b) Design a Turing machine that accepts the language $L = \{ss \mid s \text{ is in } \{a, b\}^*\}$. (13)
- 15. (a) (i) If L1 and L2 are recursively enumerable languages, prove that the union of L1 and L2 is also recursively enumerable. (8)
 - (ii) Write notes on polynomial-time reductions. (5)

Or

(b) What is a universal Turing Machine? Explain the procedure to construct the universal Turing machine. (13)