



## Question Paper Code: 50436

## B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2017 Third Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering EC6304 – ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS – I (Regulations 2013)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

## Answer ALL questions

 $PART - A \qquad (10 \times 2 = 20 Marks)$ 

- 1. What is operating point?
- 2. What is thermal runaway?
- 3. What is bypass and coupling capacitor?
- 4. List the need for boot strapping in amplifier.
- 5. What is BiMOS?
- 6. A self biased P-channel JFET has a pinch off voltage of 5V and  $I_{\rm DSS}$  = 12 mA. The supply voltage is 12 V. Determine the values of resistors  $R_D$  and  $R_S$ , so that  $I_D = 5 \text{ mA}$ and V<sub>DS</sub> = 6 V.
- 7. What is Miller effect?
- 8. What is unity gain amplifier?
- 9. Draw the symbols of PMOS and NMOS.
- 10. What is active loading?

PART - B

(5×13=65 Marks)

11. a) With a neat diagram explain the voltage divider biasing and calculate the stability factor for BJT.

b) With a neat diagram explain the source and drain resistance biasing of MOSFET.



12. a) With a neat diagram explain the small signal analysis of common emitter amplifier and derive the necessary equations to calculate the voltage gain, input and output impedance.

(OR)

- b) With a neat diagram explain the operation of differential amplifier and derive the necessary equations to calculate the CMRR.
- 13. a) With a neat diagram explain the small signal analysis of common source amplifier with a source resistance for MOSFET.

(OR)

- b) With a neat diagram explain the source follower amplifier using MOSFET and derive the necessary equations to calculate the voltage gain, input and output registance.
- 14. a) Explain the high frequency response of common emitter amplifier and derive the necessary equations to calculate the upper 3-dB frequency.

(OR)

- b) Define  $f_{\alpha}$  and  $f_{\beta}$  and  $f_{\tau}$ . Also derive for  $f_{\alpha}$ ,  $f_{\beta}$  and  $f_{\tau}$  with two source terminal and one sink terminal and derive for source and sink terminal currents as a function of reference current.
- 15. a) Explain the basic MOSFET current steering circuit.

(OR)

- b) Explain and derive for AV for CG NMOS amplifier with following active loads
  - i) Diode connected enhanced PMOS.
  - ii) Depletion PMOS.

PART - C

(1×15=15 Marks)

16. a) Design a differential amplifier using CMOS and calculate the CMRR.

(OR)

b) What is cascade amplifier? Explain with necessary equations and explain how to determine its bandwidth.