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Reg. No.:			

# Question Paper Code: 90189

# B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2019 Fifth Semester

Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering EC 8552 – COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE AND ORGANIZATION (Common to Electronics and Communication Engineering) (Regulations 2017)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

# Answer ALL questions

### PART - A

 $(10\times2=20 \text{ Marks})$ 

- 1. List the registers that are available in the processor.
- 2. State and explain the performance equation.
- 3. What are the rules to perform addition on floating point numbers?
- 4. What is sub word parallelism?
- 5. Define processor clock.
- 6. What is imprecise and precise exception?
- 7. Define hit ratio.
- 8. Differentiate USB and Firewire.
- 9. Name the interconnections used in a multi processor system.
- 10. What is meant by hardware multithreading?

## PART - B

(5×13=65 Marks)

- 11. a) i) If computer A runs a program in 10 seconds and computer B runs the same **(4)** program in 15 seconds, how much faster is A than B? (9)
  - ii) Describe the different kinds of addressing modes with an example.

- b) i) A program runs in 10 seconds on computer A, which has a 2 GHz clock. Try to help a computer designer build a computer, B, which will run this program in 6 seconds. The designer has determined that a substantial increase in the clock rate is possible, but this increase will affect the rest of the CPU design, causing computer B to require 1.2 times as many clock cycles as computer A for this program. What clock rate should we tell the designer to target?
  - ii) State the advantages of multiprocessor system.

(8)



12. a) i) Subtract (11010)2 - (10000)2 using 1's complement and 2's complement (8) method. (5)ii) Differentiate arithmetic shift and logical shift. (OR) b) Write down the Booth's algorithm. List the two attractive features of Booth's (5+4+4)algorithm. Give an example for worst case of Booth's algorithm. 13. a) Name and explain the two approaches used for generating the control signals (13)in proper sequence. Differentiate the approaches. b) List the reasons of pipeline conflicts in pipelined processor. How are they (13)resolved? 14. a) What is virtual memory? Describe the advantages of virtual memory. (13)(OR) b) What is Cache memory? What are the two ways in which the system using (13)cache can proceed for a write operation? (8) 15. a) i) List the characteristics of Graphics Processing units. **(5)** ii) Differentiate in-order execution and out-of-order execution. (OR) b) Explain in detail, the shared memory multiprocessor, with a neat diagram. (13) (1×15=15 Marks) PART - C

16. a) i) Use the Booth and bit-pair recording techniques to multiply	(10)
$(-10 \times -10 = 100)_{10}$ .	(5)

ii) List the rules to perform addition on floating p

(OR)

b) i) Compare UMA and NUMA multiprocessors.

ii) A virtual memory has a page size of 1K words. There are eight pages and four blocks. The associative memory page table contains the following (10)entries.

Page	Block		
0	3		
1	1		
4	2		
6	0		

Make a list of all virtual address (in decimal) that will cause a page fault if used by the CPU.

(5)