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Question Paper Code: 50779

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2017
Third Semester
Civil Engineering

MA 6351 – TRANSFORMS AND PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

(Common to Mechanical Engineering (Sandwich)/ Aeronautical Engineering/
Agriculture Engineering/ Automobile Engineering/ Biomedical Engineering/
Computer Science and Engineering/ Electrical and Electronics Engineering/
Electronics and Communication Engineering/ Electronics and Instrumentation
Engineering/ Geoinformatics Engineering/ Industrial Engineering/ Industrial
Engineering and Management/ Instrumentation and Control Engineering/
Manufacturing Engineering/ Marine Engineering/ Materials Science and
Engineering/Mechanical Engineering/Mechanical and Automation Engineering/
Mechatronics Engineering/ Medical Electronics/ Petrochemical Engineering/
Production Engineering/ Robotics and Automation Engineering/ Biotechnology,
Chemical Engineering/ Chemical and Electrochemical Engineering/
Food Technology/ Information Technology/ Petrochemical Technology/ Petroleum
Engineering/ Plastic Technology/Polymer Technology)
(Regulations 2013)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART - A

(10×2=20 Marks)

- 1. Find the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function 'f' from the relation $z = f(x^2 y^2)$.
- 2. Find the complete integral of $\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} = 1$.
- 3. State Dirichlet's conditions for a given function f(x) to be expanded in Fourier series.
- 4. Write the complex form of Fourier series for a function f(x) defined in -l < x < l.



(8)

- 5. What is the basic difference between the solutions of one dimensional wave equation and one dimensional heat equation?
- 6. State any two solutions of the Laplace equation $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$ involving exponential terms in x or y.
- 7. If F[f(x)] = F(s), then find F[f(ax)].
- 8. State the convolution theorem for Fourier transforms.
- 9. Find the Z-transform of the function f(n) = 1/n.
- 10. Form the difference equation by eliminating arbitrary constant 'a' from $y_n = a$. 2^n .

- 11. a) i) Find the singular integral of $z = px + qy + p^2 q^2$.
 - ii) Find the general integral of (x 2z) p + (2z y) q = y x. and Management/Instrumentation a(RO) ontrol Engineering

 - b) Solve the following equations. i) $(D^2 + 2DD' + D'^2) z = e^{x-y} + xy$
 - ii) $(D^2 5DD' + 6D'^2)$ z = y sin x.
- 12. a) i) Find the Fourier series for a function $f(x) = x + x^2$ in $(-\pi, \pi)$ and hence deduce

the value of
$$\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots$$
 (8)

ii) Find the Fourier series of y = f(x) up to first harmonic which is defined by the following data in $(0, 2\pi)$:

000	x	0	π/3	2π/3	π	4 π/3	5 π/3	2π
1	f(x)	1	1.4	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.2	1

(OR)

b) i) Find the half-range cosine series for f(x) = x in $(0, \pi)$. Hence deduce the value

of
$$\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots$$
 (8)

ii) Find the Fourier series for a function
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} l - x, & 0 < x \le l \\ 0, & l < x \le 2l \end{cases}$$
 in (0, 2l). (8)



- 13. a) A tightly stretched string of length l has its end fastened at x = 0, x = l. At t = 0, the string is in the form f(x) = kx(l x) and then released. Find the displacement at any point of the string at a distance x from one end and at any time t > 0. (16)
 - b) A rod of length l cm has its ends A and B kept at 0°C and 100°C respectively, until steady state conditions prevail. If the temperature at B is suddenly reduced to 0°C and maintained at 0°C, find the temperature distribution u(x, t) at a distance x from A at any time t. (16)
- 14. a) i) If F_S (s) and F_C (s) denote Fourier sine and cosine transform of a function f(x) respectively, then show that

$$F_{S}\{f(x) \sin ax\} = \frac{1}{2} \{F_{C}(s-a) - F_{C}(s+a)\}$$
 (4)

ii) Find the Fourier transform of a function $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - |x| & \text{if } -1 < x < 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ and hence

find the value of
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^4 t}{t^4} dt$$
 by Parseval's identity. (12)

(OR

b) Find the Fourier sine and cosine transforms of a function $f(x) = e^{-x}$. Using Parseval's identity, evaluate:

(1)
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x^2+1)^2}$$
 and (2) $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x^2 dx}{(x^2+1)^2}$ (16)

15. a) i) Find the Z-transform of $\frac{2n+3}{(n+1)(n+2)}$. (8)

ii) Find
$$Z^{-1}\left[\frac{z^2}{\left(z-\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(z-\frac{1}{4}\right)}\right]$$
 by using convolution theorem. (8)

(OR)

b) i) Find the inverse Z-transform of $\frac{z^3}{(z-1)^2(z-2)}$ by method of partial fraction. (6)

ii) Solve the difference equation
$$y(n + 2) - 7y(n + 1) + 12y(n) = 2^n$$
, given that $y(0) = 0$ and $y(1) = 0$, by using Z-transform. (10)