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Reg. No.:					

Question Paper Code: 80133

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2019.

Fourth Semester

Electrical and Electronics Engineering

EE 8403 — MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION

(Regulation 2017)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Differentiate Accuracy and Precision.
- 2. Distinguish between Gravity control and Spring control.
- 3. Specify the use of copper shading bands. Where is it placed in the energymeter?
- 4. How the flux density is measured?
- 5. How Maxwell's bridge differ from Anderson bridge, although both are used for measuring inductance?
- 6. Specify the purpose of Wagner earthing device.
- 7. Mention the use of Lissajous patterns.
- 8. Specify the application of data loggers.
- 9. Mention the electrical phenomena used in transducers.
- 10. List the elements of DAQ system.

PART B — $(5 \times 13 = 65 \text{ marks})$

11. (a) Explicate the static and dynamic characteristics of an instrumentation system.

Or

- (b) Elaborate the working of Moving iron instrument and derive the torque equation of the Moving iron instrument.
- 12. (a) State Blondel's theorem and explain how the power measurement using two wattmeter method.

Or

- (b) Describe the step by process involved in determination of B-H curve and hysteresis loop.
- 13. (a) Derive the expressions for measurement of unknown capacitance with a neat bridge circuit.

Or

- (b) Derive the expressions for measurement of unknown inductance using Hays bridge.
- 14. (a) Explain in detail about the various types of Recorders.

Or

- (b) Explain in detail about the LED and LCD displays.
- 15. (a) Elaborate the types of resistive and inductive transducers used for measuring pressure.

Or

(b) Elucidate the elements of data acquisition system.

PART C — $(1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ marks})$

16. (a) A sinusoidal alternating voltage of amplitude, 100-V is applied across a circuit containing a rectifying device which entirely prevents current from flowing in one direction and offers a non-inductive resistance of 10 ohm to the flow of current in the other direction. Find the reading on (i) a hot wire, (ii) a moving coil ammeter in the circuit.

Or

(b) A Maxwell's capacitance bridge shown in. Fig. 1 is used to measure an unknown inductance in comparison with capacitance. The various values at balance: $R_2 = 400$ ohm; $R_3 = 600$ ohm; $R_4 = 1000$ ohm; $C_4 = 0.5$ μF .

Calculate the values of R_1 and L_1 . Calculate also the value of storage Q factor of the coil if frequency is 1000 Hz.

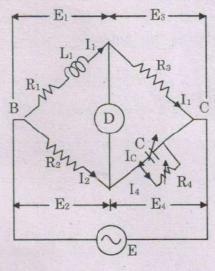


Fig. 1