

Department Mechanical Engineering

ME8491- Engineering Metallurgy

Unit I - MCQ Bank

- 1. How much carbon is present in cast irons?
 - A. Less than 0.05%
 - B. Up to 1.5%
 - C. 1.5% to 2%
 - D. More than 2%

Answer: (D)

- 2. Cast iron is a ____ alloy.
 - A. Eutectic
 - B. Eutectoid
 - C. Peritectic
 - D. Peritectoid

Answer: (A)

- 3. Which of the following is not a name for phases present in a system of material in various conditions?
 - A. Phase diagram
 - B. Equilibrium diagram
 - C. Interstitial diagram
 - D. Constitutional diagram

Answer: (C)

- 4. Which of the following cannot be obtained using a phase diagram?
 - A. Melting temperatures of various phases
 - B. Temperature range for solidification
 - C. Equilibrium solid solubility
 - D. Purity of materials

Answer: (D)

- 5. A specific body of material or a series of alloys with the same compositions is/are known as
 - A. Component
 - B. System
 - C. Alloy
 - D. Solute

Answer: (B)

	A. One
	B. Two
	C. Three
	D. Four
	Answer: (D)
7.	The maximum concentration of solute that can be added is defined as
	A. Solution limit
	B. Solubility limit
	C. Concentration
	D. Degrees of freedom
	Answer: (B)
8.	How is Gibb's phase rule defined?
	A. C+P+1
	B. C+P+2
	C. C-P+2
	D. C-P
	Answer: (C)
9.	Separation of single-phase solid regions from two-phase solid regions is done by
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	A. Solidus line
	B. Liquidus line
	C. Solvus line
	D. Eutectic point
	Answer: (C)
10.	The point at which two liquidus lines meet is known as
	A. Eutectic point
	B. Isothermal point
	C. Solvus point
	D. Peritectic point
	Answer: (D)
11.	Which reaction does this equation denote?
	Liquid + Solid 1 → Solid 2
	A. Eutectic
	B. Peritectic
	C. Eutectoid
	D. Peritectoid
	Answer: (B)

6. How many types of systems are applicable for phase diagrams?

12. Which reaction does this equation denote?
Solid 1 + Solid 2 → Solid 3
A. Eutectic
B. Peritectic
C. Eutectoid
D. Peritectoid
Answer: (D)
13. Alloys containing 2.0-6.7% carbon are considered as
A. Steel
B. Cast-iron
C. Aluminum
D. Brass
Answer: (B)
14. The existence of two or more crystal structures for any substance, depending on
temperature, is known as
A. Allotropy
B. Solidification
C. Solubility
D. Interstices
Answer: (A)
15. Pure iron exists in allotropic forms.
A. One
B. Two
C. Three
D. Four
Answer: (C)
16. What is the crystal structure of Y iron?
A. Body-centered cubic
B. Face-centered cubic
C. Hexagonal closely packed
D. Body-centered tetrahedral
Answer: (B)
17. At what temperature range is δ iron stable?
A. Up to 908°C
B. 908-1388°C
C. 1388-1535°C
D. 1535-1800°C
Answer: (C)

18. Which of the following is applicable to α iron?	
A. Soft	
B. Ductile	
C. Magnetic	
D. Can be hot worked	
Answer: (D)	
19. Which of the following is a nonmagnetic iron?	
A. Ferrite	
B. Austenite	
C. Cementite	
D. Alnico	
Answer: (B)	
20. Cementite is magnetic up to	
A. 100°C	
B. 250°C	
C. 600°C	
D. 850°C	
Answer: (B)	
21 is a eutectic mixture of α iron an	d Fe3C.
A. Pearlite	
B. Martensite	
C. Ledeburite	
D. Sorbite	
Answer: (C)	
22. The eutectic point in the iron-iron carbide phas	se diagram occurs at weight %
composition of carbon.	
A. 0.022	
B. 0.77	
C. 2.11	
D. 4.30	
Answer: (D)	
23. At what temperature does δ ferrite melt?	
A. 1674 F	
B. 1990 F	
C. 2541 F	
D. 2800 F	
Answer: (D)	

- 24. What is the solubility of α ferrite at 0°C?
 - A. 0.1%
 - B. 0.02%
 - C. 0.005%
 - D. 0.0004%
 - Answer: (C)
- 25. What is the crystal structure of austenite upon heating?
 - A. Body-centered cubic
 - B. Face-centered cubic
 - C. Hexagonal closely packed
 - D. Body-centered tetrahedral
 - Answer: (B)